The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLIV. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1884—TEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

UFFLERS.

have a corner in Silk ... in White and ... Colors.

LATE
his Evening
THE
Hive
be KEPT OPEN to-... but closed all day to-... So if you are ... to secure some of ... immense Christmas ... you must call
Today.

THAT COMFORT
to do your shopping ... place like the
Hive
... almost everything ... for Christmas ... may be found, be
... Cards, ... Gifts, ... Toys, ... Fancy Goods, ... Dress Goods, ... Silk, ... Dry Clothing, ... and Slippers, ... Curtains, ... Robes and Gauges, ... Cloaks, ... Millinery, ... Furnishing Goods, ... Jewelry, etc., etc., etc.
All and Everything
... at the lowest possible price ... THE
Hive
... 178 & 180 State-st.
... Special Sale of Jewelry ... will be continued to-... in General Floor.

... CO CENTS PER QT.
... your usual quiet nights, ask for
PIPER-HEIDSIECK
Champagne.
... Heidsieck attempts to ... other brands for the sake of extra profits.
"PIPER-HEIDSIECK" on cork ... wire means "PIPER-HEIDSIECK" when ... to the taste.

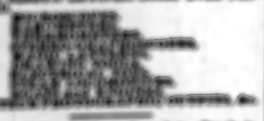
BETHESDA
... Springs, Waukesha, Wis.
IT HAS NO RIVAL!
... Mineral Waters and Ginger Ale ... Depot.
BETHESDA GINGER ALE.
THOS. H. BAKER, Agent,
... Wabash-av. Telephone 12268.

Christmas Cards.
... Selection of the Finest Grade.
CALL AND EXAMINE.
... MUST GO TODAY
... PRICE.
F. PORTER, SON & CO.,
... Washington-st.

Ha! Ha! Ha!
We Gather Them In!
As a last effort we have reduced all of our
SMOKING JACKETS
AND
ROBES
Into Three Classes.
CLASS 1.
Every one under $15 reduced to - $10
CLASS 2.
Every one under $20 reduced to - $15
CLASS 3.
Every one under $30 reduced to - $25
From these prices we discount
20 Per Cent
FOR CASH,
As also on EVERY Garment in our establishment.
SUPERFINE
Clothing,
Furnishings,
Holiday Goods.
HARVEY,
34 & 36 State-st.

USEFUL AND ELEGANT
HOLIDAY GIFTS

GOLD SPECTACLES,
GOLD EYEGLASSES,

OPERA GLASSES.
... Department is supplied in duplicate with ... Goods of the ... Manufacturers.

The Largest and Most Complete Stock in ... of Lower Wabash.
L. MANASSE, Optician,
... Wabash-av., Tribune Bldg.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS
MUSIC BOOKS.
... Publications, Sheet ... Instruments ... Strings, etc.
... Music.
... Music.
... Music.
LYON & HEALY, Chicago.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

WAUKESHA
... Springs, Waukesha, Wis.
50 Gallons for $1.00.
... Wabash-av.

PUTNAM
Clothing House
SPECIAL BARGAINS
IN THE
Overcoat Department.
... Men's Heavy Melton Overcoats, of ... Double Sacks, well made and trimmed, ... the low price of $7.50.
... Men's Heavy Cassimere Overcoats, of ... single breast, full line of sizes, to be ... at $10.00.
... Men's Fine Wool Overcoats, single ... very stylish, warm and trimmed, for ... today to close the lot of Overcoats to ... $15.00.
... Men's fit, fabric, neatly Sack or Cutaway ... trimmed throughout, warm lining, fine fittings, are ... marked this year at the extremely low price ... $17.50.
... Men's Double Breast Overcoats, made ... an all wool cassimere, Chester price was ... they are going today at $20.00.
... Men's Dark Wool Cassimere Overcoats, ... Double breast, warm lining, full line of ... sizes fine trimmings, $25.00 is our ... today, which is a bargain.
Cassimere Overcoats, ... $15.00
Black Worsted Overcoats, ... 15.00
Fine Chinchilla Overcoats 15.00
Black Chinchilla Overcoats 15.00
Irish Frieze Overcoats 15.00
Several lots of Fine Overcoats at $10.00, ...
Men's and Youth's Silk-lined Fur Beaver ... and Elk Beaver price $30 ... and $35.
... $15, $20, $25, $30, $35 Overcoats have ... equal to the above.
All of the above will be found in stock as ... in the advertisement, and the ... prices we have quoted to go down.

THE
... are nickel silver open sterling Waltham ... especially for us, are correct and reliable ... and will be given free with every ... or overcoat costing $7 and upwards.
... very fine nickel silver Chain, correct time ... will be given free with every full suit ... costing $7 and upwards.
PUTNAM
CLOTHING HOUSE,
... and 123 Clark, and ... Madison-st.,
MINER, BEAL & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.
W. H. FURLONG, ... Manager.
... store will be open until 10 o'clock ... Evening.

D M
OUR STORE
WILL BE
CLOSED
ON
Christmas Day.
... prevent any disappointment to-day, we shall increase our corps of salespeople, and in every way guard ... delay in sales and delivery of purchases.
DAVIS & MORSE CO.,
State and Van Buren-sts.

JOHN D. ZERNITZ, Pres.
SAM'L GORDON, V. Pres.
ALBERT STEINER, Sec. & Treas.
THE
John D. Zernitz Co.,
Importers and Jobbers of
FANCY GOODS,
TOYS,
AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.
The attention of dealers is called to our full stock of Dolls, China, Decorative Glassware, Albums, and Holiday Goods generally. Send for catalogue. The trade only supplied.
61 Lake-st., Chicago.

Novello's Cheap Music.
... & Co., of London, ... Ewer & Co., of London, ... Pond & Co., of New York, ... Ditson & Co., of Boston, ... Cincinnati, and ... Philadelphia.

D M
HOLIDAY FANS.
We offer to our Holiday Goods Days, today the most
ELEGANT, SUPERB, AND RICH
Assortment of Desirable
FANS
Shown in Chicago this season, making no exception in favor of anybody. The line comprises
SPECIAL IMPORTATION
Orders placed early in the Fall with the most celebrated Paris and Vienna manufacturers. Owing to the goods being detained in some transit, however, and consequently very late in delivery here in Chicago, WE REFUSED to accept them, as we had intended them for the early holiday trade, and the season was too far advanced to receive them. The manufacturers made us special concessions by extra, lowprices, which induced us to accept the goods, and we shall place them on sale today at
40 PER CENT LESS
... prices for which similar goods have ever been offered. They are very appropriate as Holiday Presents—nothing more suitable—and comprise Elegant and Exclusive Designs in
Hand-Painted Satin Fans,
Hand-Painted Coque Feather Fans,
Real Ostrich Feather Fans in all colors,
Real Ostrich and Satin Hand-Painted Fans,
Real Lace Fans,
Real Lace and Hand-Painted Silk Fans,
Silk Embroidered Fans,
Fans of Solid Tortoise Shell, &c., &c.
The variety of beautiful STICKS in which the above come are OLIVE WOOD carved, EBONY (gilded and carved), ROSEWOOD carved, BOTTICELLI, MOTHER OF PEARL (beautifully carved), REAL IVORY carved and perforated, TORTOISE SHELL (fancy carving), STERLING SILVER, and ABOVE.
An examination of these goods will prove them Genuine and
Rare Bargains.
Never Equaled in This City.
DAVIS & MORSE CO.,
STATE AND VAN BUREN-STS.

A. G. Spalding & Bros.,
108 MADISON-ST.
... offering from Sample ...
POCKET CUTLERY.
BOTH THESE PRICES:
... Pearl Handle Cutlery, ... Ivory Handle Cutlery, ... Stag Handle Cutlery, ... Buck Handle Cutlery, ... Ebony

"HAINES"
Upright Piano-Fortes

Are now regarded by Artists, Musicians, and all who have enjoyed the opportunity of examining them, as embodying the highest excellence yet attained by any manufacturer.

These instruments are especially remarkable in the great similarity of their tone to the Concert Grand, and are wholly relieved from the unpleasantly quality of tone so generally characteristic of Upright Piano-Fortes. Rosewood cases in Mahogany, French Walnut, Ebonized Rosewood, etc.

HAINES BROS.,
97 Fifth-av., New York.

Haines & Whitney Company,
182 and 184 Wabash-av.,
CHICAGO.

IMPORTANT.

We have a very large stock of HAINES, NEW ENGLAND, GABLER, and other makes,

WHICH WE MUST DISPOSE OF

During the Holidays. Don't buy a Piano-Forte of anybody until after you have visited us. We will give you better value for your money than you can get elsewhere.

We have a number of Uprights but little used, which are as good as new, and will be fully warranted.

Haines & Whitney Company,
182 and 184 Wabash-av.
(Between Adams and Monroe-sts.)

Open Evenings, during this week, until 9 o'clock.

Cuticura

Infantile Blood Purifiers and Skin Beautifiers.

Absolutely Pure and Safe from the Moment of Birth.

"OUR LITTLE BOY"

"WORKED TO A CHARM"

"A TERRIBLE CASE"

FOR FACE, LANGUID,

BABY

SNEEZE! SNEEZE!

COLLINS

THE FIRE RECORD.

Burglars & Hardy Thomas Company in New York City Completely Destroyed.

Other Property Involved—The Total Loss $250,000, Without Any Insurance.

A $150,000 Blaze in the Business Portion of Charleston, S. C.—Flames Elsewhere.

Burglars & Hardy Thomas Company in New York.

New York, Dec. 24.—[Special.]—Burglars & Hardy Thomas Company, on the west side of Broadway, between Church street and Jones place, was destroyed by fire early this morning with all its contents. A large of morning coats and marble dust of the entire Hardy and exhibits from the last white country exposition. These are all insured and supposed by Hardy that they are of less value. The fire occurred at a time when there were few persons in the district and the destruction is consequently by lack of life to lament. The property is valuable, much of which cannot be replaced, was destroyed, and at least one of the owners of the theater to examine the loss will fall entirely on Henry Hilton, the person of the building. Burglars & Hardy, the lessees and managers, and upon the members of the company, who had their wardrobes and properties in the theater.

There was a large audience in the theater last night to witness the performance of "Ingomar." At the conclusion of the first scene and announced the play of "Gentleman's Library," which was to have been produced after the ballet. The interval was not over, and I did attend this morning, and at the entrance of the company had given from the theater by a friend, leaving the premises in charge of Justice W. Jenkins, the watchman, according to his statement, the watchman left the building at 4:45 o'clock. He says that before going away he went through the house, examining every part of it, and found everything in perfect order. There was not the slightest, however, of the fire at the time he left the building. The watchman says that he went to the theater from the Madison-street station-house, where he had been on duty, and that he had been there about an hour when he left. The fire was discovered by a policeman named Dolan, who was passing the theater on his beat. He at once turned in an alarm from Box 12, and then ran through the building, arousing every person in the house. The fire was then well under way, and the flames were bursting through the roof. The fire department responded promptly, but the flames had gained such headway that the building was doomed from the start.

The theater was owned by Henry Hilton, who purchased it from the Hardy estate. It was leased to Burglars & Hardy, who had been playing there for the past two months. The building was a three-story brick structure, and although the lessees had a large amount of property in the building, it is the general opinion that the loss will fall entirely upon Mr. Hilton.

Fire in Boston.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 24.—The South Oxford Building on Oliver street, Boston, was burned this morning. Loss, $75,000. There were 100 persons in the building and all got out safely. The insurance on the structure is $50,000. Among the occupants were: Bell, Dec. 24.—A fire at Stanwood, Bell & Co.'s, dealers in carpets, Bell, Bell & Co., dealers in boots and shoes, Bell, Bell & Co., dealers in boots and shoes, Bell, Bell & Co., dealers in boots and shoes

...AL AND LABOR.

...Bank Meeting at Oshawa, ...Banking Question in Indiana.

...of the Industries in Wisconsin ...Much Figure Said by the Sheriff.

...of the Ex-Sheriff Styles in the ...Value—The Pittsburg ...Mints.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

OPENED THIS MORNING.

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...of the Industries in Wisconsin ...Much Figure Said by the Sheriff.

...of the Ex-Sheriff Styles in the ...Value—The Pittsburg ...Mints.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

OPENED THIS MORNING.

...Dec. 31.—[Special.]—...

...

...

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1894.

CLEVELAND will be tamed a lot of patents heard last week in Southwestern breakers.

ELSEWHERE from the Minneapolis Star we learn in indulge that the coal miners' strike is a failure.

JOHN P. ST. JOHN'S newspaper organ, the Kansas Prohibitionist, collapsed yesterday at Leavenworth.

CLARENCE A. CH., banker merchants of Lachine, Que., have failed with $50,000 liabilities and $1,000 assets.

One hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars' worth of property went up in smoke yesterday at Cambridge, O. T.

GLADSTONE'S new play, "Theodora," is to be given in Paris Friday night for the first time, with Sarah Bernhardt in the leading part.

PLAGUE continued a murderous at Seven-ty, Man., yesterday. The 400 children who were in the building all got out safely.

GEORGE ALDEN, who ran away with $200 belonging to Shadel Brothers, the Chicago rice-goods firm, has been captured at Omaha, Neb.

MR. W. D. TAYLOR of Michigan, nominated to be Second Assistant Postmaster-General, was confirmed yesterday by the Senate.

EXPORTS from the Port of New York for the week ended yesterday, exclusive of specie, were $6,430,000, against $7,551,000 the previous week.

COMMISSIONER HOLCOMB of Indiana says that Methodist is the man to represent that State in the next Cabinet. As for himself, he does not desire a place.

ARGUMENTS on the motion to quash the indictments found against the Knights gang by the Federal grand jury will be heard this morning by Judge Bradley.

PROFESSOR ANDREW SLOAN of Indiana won the principal oratorical contest yesterday by the Iowa State Teachers' Association, now in session at Des Moines.

ADVICE being lacked to the signing of the Indemnities Epworth Williams five days without food or water, the Captain and crew were rescued by the Hardman at Cape Hatteras.

AT Bellehaft, County Waterford, Ireland, the vault of Col. Hilliers, formerly Inspector-General of Police, was broken open, and Mrs. Hilliers' coffin taken out and thrown into the glen.

BARRINGER & GALT'S banks in New York were burned yesterday. The loss was $20,000, uninsured. A large amount of Mr. Galt's securities belonging to Alex Brothers was destroyed.

A CATHOLIC priest named in the dock at the East 47 Catherine street, Brooklyn, sprung a fake yesterday and such an exhibit that a boy and a girl who were at least were drowned.

CHRISTIAN WINDISCH SCHMIDT GRAETZ of the Greely expedition has been exonerated by the President for the cost of Chief of the Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting with the rank of Commodore.

THOMAS LOCKHART and City were one Sunday out of employment by the conflagration which is raging in the Pennsylvania coal-mine near Scott's, Pa. It may be several months before work can be resumed.

THE northbound express train on the New Orleans & Northwestern Railroad was thrown off the track by obstructions near Farris, Miss. A number of passengers were injured, and the engineer and fireman were killed.

LORENZO DOW claims that at the recent conference between the Free will Baptists and the Regular of Ogdensburg a marriage was arranged between the Countess Stolberg-Wernigerode and a daughter of Count Prince Frederick William of Germany.

SYLVESTER SCHAFER, a Chicagoan stuck in Cincinnati, O., was arrested yesterday at the shop where he was employed on a charge of embezzlement. Upon being apprehended, he confessed a case of poisonous arsenic and killed. He was to have been married the next day.

THERE will be an uproar in the House of Representatives today when the Senate's amended resolution for adjournment comes up for consideration, and the Senate may from that fact suspected to adjourn from day to day until the House reconsiders what they have done.

ADVICES from the Senate states that the House is close at hand in the matter of getting together on terms, the Upper House is also said to indulge in the hope that the quarrel. It is thought that the whole will never be reversed so long as Senators are allowed to talk as much as they like while

Representatives are restricted by the inclination of the Republican rule and the previous question.

THE Chicago produce markets were more active yesterday. Shipments were much stronger, but bid back, and grain prospect easier. At unsigned with Monday, pork closed 5 cents higher, but 10¢ more lower, gained a cents lower, with and other meats closed steady and favored low.

PRESIDENT ANDREWS denies the report that he intends to withdraw the resolution of Dr. W. L. Curtis for Secretary of the South American Commission. Dr. Curtis denies the charge that he offered to furnish the Democratic managers during the recent Presidential campaign with anti-Union documents to be a falsehood.

WILLIAM L. GOODWIN, the Union friend and boon companion of Joseph Chesebrough Martin, Secretary of the Democratic State Central Committee, who was out on bail awaiting a hearing on charges of complicity in the Eighteenth Ward election fraud and at illegal voting, was arrested yesterday morning on a requisition from the Governor of Pennsylvania. The charge against the file time is forgery, an indictment having been found by a Philadelphia grand jury.

AN injunction of the Supreme Court was served upon the New York Board of Aldermen yesterday restraining them from doing anything whatever. The injunction was to read in an action brought by William S. Dugeron and others claiming to be electors of the City of New York to test the validity of the election and of the proceedings of the present board. The Tammany members declared the injunction to be a device of the County Democracy to prevent the board from endorsing the Mayor's contractions.

IN the Senate yesterday the Naval Appropriation bill omitted temporary provision for the support of the navy was passed in the form suggested by the Committee on Appropriations. The House resolution providing for a holiday recess was amended by substituting the 14th for the 20th as the date when the recess should begin. A concurrent resolution was submitted by Mr. Vest, providing that Congressional speeches shall be printed as delivered. A memorial from the joint monumental association of New Orleans was presented, praying against the withdrawal of the Spanish fleet.

THE Naval Appropriation bill passed by the Senate yesterday is regarded as a concession to the House, since it contains an appropriation for grain and cruisers, and is in fact nearly identical with the bill which the House sent to the Senate at the end of the last session and which was then declined by the Senate. It is not thought, however, that the House will now be willing to accept its acts 321 as returned to it from the Senate. The House, however, of which it reports as to prerogatives, in favor of the amendment of the Senate upon the Pacific in the matter of employing appropriation bills, and is inclined to resist this encroachment by obstructive tactics. It seems inclined to let things drift, and to wait for the coming of a new order of things to shed light upon the situation.

THOSE FAILURES.

We invite the attention of the members of Congress who are about to extend for sixty years or half the present rate of interest the Government debt of the Union Pacific to the report of an officer which has just been made by President Gibbons. Leaving out of the account all of the receipts from investments outside of the Union Pacific itself and its very large land sales the Union Pacific is shown to have earned in the four months ending Oct. 31 nearly 1½ per cent on its net volume of railroad stock. This is the most favorable part of the year, but on the other hand the managers do not believe that the coal will stop again as an inducement a period as that which it has passed through this year. The feeling that has been caused $1,000,000 in the Iowa counties, and the report shows that the same rate of reduction—$300,000 a month—was continued through October and November. The income of the Union Pacific from its investments outside of its own road was $618,611 in the twelve months ended last June, and the amount of money received from its land sales between Jan. 1 and Nov. 30 this year has been $2,351,677, against $1,439,871 in 1893.

The sincerity of regret in the face of these facts that the Union Pacific is unable to arrange for the proper settlement of its debt to the Government when that comes due two years from now is manifest. The road is not only earning interest on all its liabilities but dividends on its stock. Are we wrong when we say that the Government of all the services from engin. The effort would be that the Union Pacific would turn over to the Government $10,000,000 of annual the last year and an increased amount every succeeding year, and the Union would pay it into the Special Treasury in the form of bonds.

The resolution which was adopted by the New York Chamber of Commerce accepts the view, and asks that the Americas consumers must derive no benefit from the extension of the present duty. That is equally obvious. So long as sugars imported from Germany, France, and the British islands are taxed an average of two cents a pound the Cuban sugar, if admitted free of duty, will be marked up to the price of other sugars, with the bar added, or at the best will be sold only a shade lower, in order to drive off competition. There would then be a loss of $50,000,000 of revenue to the Government, which the people will ultimately have to make good in the payment of the public debt, and there will not even be any reduction to the price of sugar to consumers for the sacrifice. If the purpose in view is to procure cheap sugar for American consumers the way to do it is to take off the tax on all foreign sugars. Sugar may be cheapened in proportion to a general reduction of the duty on that article wherever it may come from, but not by any discriminating tax.

With these facts in view, it is not surprising that the New York Chamber of Commerce has condemned the treaty, and the same action should be taken by every person and commercial organization in the country.

DEVELOPMENT OF AFRICA.

The alternate seas of speculation and panic which characterize our civilization are the large and hostile evil which our developments has presented. Locked at in large the principal characteristic of the growth of the world for the last century has been a series of jumps into new territory, new inventions, and new discoveries. Each jump has been succeeded by a pause for rest and by a rapid progression to another jump. The gold discovery and railroad building have given the present generation its two great jumps, each succeeded by a depression naturally following excessive exertion. It is impossible that the world have succeeded to do such new work that when, whether that new work be the development of steam or the adaptation of the Western prairies, should be exempt proportionate to the amount needed. It is inevitable that out of our ignorance, uncertainty, carelessness, and superfluous zeal there should be some loss at each point and in each period that is necessary. It is impossible to the American market over all others that will send their notice way to this country and will increase it to the full capacity of their land and the cheap labor that we get out of the fields and mines. In a measurement they will crowd out their competitors in the American market and thereby deprive our Government of all the revenue from sugar. The effort would be that the United States would turn over to the Cuban planters $50,000,000 of annual the last year and an increased amount every succeeding year, and the Cubans would pay it into the Spanish Treasury in the form of bonds.

The resolution which was adopted by the New York Chamber of Commerce accepts the view, and asks that the Americas consumers must derive no benefit from the extension of the present duty. That is equally obvious. So long as sugars imported from Germany, France, and the British islands are taxed an average of two cents a pound the Cuban sugar, if admitted free of duty, will be marked up to the price of other sugars, with the bar added, or at the best will be sold only a shade lower, in order to drive off competition. There would then be a loss of $50,000,000 of revenue to the Government, which the people will ultimately have to make good in the payment of the public debt, and there will not even be any reduction to the price of sugar to consumers for the sacrifice. If the purpose in view is to procure cheap sugar for American consumers the way to do it is to take off the tax on all foreign sugars. Sugar may be cheapened in proportion to a general reduction of the duty on that article wherever it may come from, but not by any discriminating tax.

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THE "PEACOCK" CIRCULAR.

The Hawaiian circular issuing for the support of the Democrats in the Senatorial contest has been much shrewdly and severely criticised in Democratic circles from top to bottom. The ring of the "gilt-lace" circular was to be all, and the Democrats object chiefly to its concluding sentence, which is as follows:

As a United States Senator, he would be an able and tireless servant of American interests, whose every personal interest is to the Federal Government, and who owing to his independent position, would have the ear of the President and the Cabinet. He would be a great support among these people.

The meaning of this declaration is patent to plain to lead Democratic politicians. It is a notice from Harrison that he will be the dispenser of Government patronage in the State and a threat that he will discriminate against those who refuse to support him for United States Senator. The Democratic politicians outside of Gardiner's personal following—the McDonald-Gorin-Van Pelt gang—resent his coarse and deny that Harrison will have the sweeping influence with the new Administration which he claims. They say that his pretensions are absurd and are based upon false statements.

Democrats who are in a position to know assert confidently that Cleveland is not Harrison's "warm personal friend," as claimed in the circular letter, and that Harrison is not "on confidential terms" with the President-elect. They say that Harrison was never acquainted with Cleveland, and that Cleveland never knew there was such a man as Harrison in existence until the latter forced himself upon Cleveland's attention. They claim, on the other hand, that Cleveland is very thoroughly informed as to Harrison's character and political methods, that he especially resents the Chicago fraud as a disgrace and an injury to the Democratic party, and that he will not nominate Harrison's solicitation either as an office-seeker or an office-holder. In view of these conditions they regard Harrison's presence of confidential relations with Cleveland as a fiction and hypocritical effort to secure support by misrepresentation. When the circular letter was printed last Sunday the entire Democratic organ of the city, it is reported in Democratic circles, unconsulted with Gen. Cleveland's private secretary as to the validity of Harrison's pretensions. The result was the inspiring statement, printed the next morning by the aforesaid Democratic organ:

President-elect Cleveland is much interested in the possible result of the Illinois Senatorial contest, but aside from expressing the hope that a Democrat may be elected, he carefully refrains to counsel a preference for either of the candidates who have been named as candidates for the office.

The inevitable inference from this statement, inspired from Albany, is that Cleveland is not "the warm personal friend" of Harrison, and that Harrison is not on "confidential terms" which would warrant him in claiming the power to distribute the Government patronage in his State. Harrison has evidently overreached himself in his bid for the Senatorship.

But his performance is no more reprehensible than his constant attempt to work votes during the campaign by dodging the Democratic issue.

Harrison's reference to his platform letter to "having seconded Cleveland's contention in an able speech in the National Convention" is also denounced by the Democrats who do not train with the "gang." They contend that, while Harrison was posing in the convention as an admirer and supporter of Cleveland, he was actually doing everything he could to secure a recognition of Tammany, and they point to his remark in opposition to the anti vote as an evidence that he wanted to open the way to the defeat of Cleveland, and that he would have been found on the side of Tammany and in opposition to Cleveland if the anti vote had been broken and his vote had been given to the strong and utter antagonism to Cleveland, which was expressed in part by gag-law. All this is said to be known by Cleveland, and, if so, it is certainly ridiculous to suppose that Harrison will have control of the Government patronage for Illinois under the new Administration.

Harrison's bid for the United States Senatorship has evidently miscarried. His persistence in negative adherence with Cleveland would have been disparaging if they had been well founded, but the fact which he has threatened to make of such adherence would be disgraceful if he had it. But, instead of securing him to support him with effective or frightening others by the threat of exclusion from office, his platform circular seems to have had just the opposite effect. The impression is growing that Harrison's devotion to an application for place under the new Administration will be developed in the applicant, and the Democrats are not yearning for that kind of men in the United States Senate.

"DEACONSFIELD'S" grim gloomy prediction in regard to the future of the United States continues to excite comment. It promises a moderate degree of disorder, from 1,000 commencement throughout Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, and all those south of them. These troubles have been under observation of the legislatures in successive years reported in the census. Thirteen persons have been killed from 10 to 20 persons have been maimed, and several thousands, and large sums have suffered from it, or in any case. The person received by the riot is about 1,000 per annum, from which to work entirely. It does that by the time of the beginning of next winter it will have a good and considerable share of the property of destruction from which nearly all trades and suffer, and which to have been in operation of organizations. The number of strikers is 1,000, and the statement is made that the number of strikers in the United States is 1,000,000. Among the strikers of August 1, among 1,000,000 strikers, 1,000,000 were in the United States. Among the strikers of August 1, among 1,000,000 strikers, 1,000,000 were in the United States. These figures are taken from a work ago up to 1,000,000 in other and country by 40,000 to work.

DICK LATHAM has returned from a pilgrimage to Albany to see the new King and to see Governor he made this report to the

"I had an audience with the King."

"And was the audience long?"

"Long enough to see that the King has not been in the habit of wearing a crown."

"Yes, there's one thing I don't like about Albany."

"Yes, came straight home after the business is over, and I was with me that I have passed one and one-half hours in the city. I have been in Albany for the last time."

"Why, what's the matter with Albany?"

"Why, I don't like the way they treat me there. I went to the Capitol and asked for the Governor, and they showed me into a room and told me to wait. I waited and waited for an hour and a half, and no Governor came. Then I asked a man how much longer I would have to wait, and he said he didn't know. Then I asked another man, and he said he didn't know. Then I asked another man, and he said he didn't know. Then I asked another man

EVENTS ABROAD.

Conspiracy Matrimonial Alliance Between the Roosevelt and Schwarzkopf Houses.

An Alabama Advertising Schemer—His Next Move if the Dealers Climb to Them.

Dutch Egotism Financial Proposals Shown by Farmer-A Touch in Low Bred Domestic.

[BY CABLE LETTER.]

LONDON, Dec. 23.—[Special Cable Dispatch.]—The current rumor that the engagement between the Princess Beatrice and the Duke of Connaught will soon be announced, which has been denied by the Court Circular, is said to be true, and the announcement is expected to be made in January. It seems that an engagement was arranged between the Princess and Schwarzkopf, a wealthy banker of Berlin, in one of the passages of the Queen's visit to one of the youngest children of the Crown Prince Frederick William, at Homburg. The prospective bridegroom is a Jew, 27 years old, and has an income estimated at £20,000 a year. He is not handsome, but is said to be very intelligent, has a good figure, fine eyes, and is a good talker. It is to be remembered that the marriage will take place in Berlin, and that it will be a civil ceremony, after which a clergyman will perform the usual rites. It is to be a very quiet affair, as the Queen is in deep mourning for Prince Leopold, and the wedding will take place in the house of Baron de Worms.

A DUTCH CAPITALIST'S PROPOSAL.

A Dutch capitalist, who is now in London, has addressed a circular letter to a number of the leading financiers of the city, in which he proposes to form a syndicate for the purpose of buying up the Dutch Government loan, which is now quoted at 90, and converting it into a 3 per cent loan. The capitalist proposes to offer the holders of the present loan 3 per cent bonds at par, and to pay them a premium of 10 per cent in cash. He says that he has already received promises from holders of 60 per cent of the loan, and that he is confident that he will be able to secure the remaining 40 per cent. The capitalist proposes to pay for the loan by means of a 3 per cent loan, which he will issue at 90, and which will be guaranteed by the Dutch Government. The capitalist

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Members of the House Disposed to Resist Re-United Usurpations by the Senate.

Crowding the "Congressional Record" with Speeches Which Were Never Delivered.

The Senate Across to a Jubilee Issue—The President Will Not Go Back on W. J. Bryan.

SPOILING THEIR DIGNITY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 23.—[Special.]—The Senate has passed a Naval bill. It is a very different bill from the one upon which the House bill as much stress last year. It is a full seven-eighths appropriation for guns and armors. In that respect it is a surrender of the part of the Senate. It is very nearly the position for which the House went to the Senate at the end of last session, and which the Senate declined to receive. The pending contest is a contest that will exist solely for the adoption of a nominal amendment providing the naval appropriations on the basis of the bill of the preceding year, and that is all the House will insist upon. There ought to be no doubt that the House, as an original bill, to-day would accept the amendment which used to be by the Senate to Senators. But the report to their country that condition of things will exist, and that Mr. Hanna's Committee of the Appropriations Committee, is not willing to accept the one bill of the last session, is enough to the same effect. Senator Hoar's action, continued all over. The position of the Senate appears to be that it is better to be longer with the possibility of an agreement on the basis of the old bill, than to have a bill which the House will not accept. Assuming a part these appropriations will. The reason for this action of Senator Hoar and Republicans and to gentlemen as to the charge that the Senate is not in the position of the anti-Administration. The other political issues are the main. For a Republican Senator to vote for a bill which he is prepared to vote against on the ground that it is not a Republican measure, is a position which is not easily defended. It is a position of the Democratic Senators who voted for the bill. It is a position of the Democratic Senators who voted against the bill

THE ELECTION MYSTERY.

Still Others Starting to Those of the Secret Men—The Excitement Raising

Gen. G. Co. G. [illegible] the gen[illegible] of [illegible] arrived in the city last evening. The [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

W. W. Kelly, New York, and J. Vivian, Detroit, Mich., are at the Tremont.

J. S. McReynolds, Danville, Ill., and J. W. Stone, Indianola, N. C., are at the Grand.

Charles T. Wills, Springfield; Henry von Lindern, Holland, and Prof. C. D. Wilber, Aurora, Ill., are registered at the Sherman.

Anne Dickinson, Philadelphia; A. E. Sherman, Bloomington; J. S. Dupont, Lexington, Ky.; and D. H. Deane, Montreal, are stopping at the Palmer.

The Rt. Rev. William D. Walker, Bishop of South Dakota, is in town for a few days preparing for the ordination of his brother, Mr. Frank B. Walker, Jr., on Sunday next.

Judge D. K. Dobbard, Cedar Rapids, Ia.; S. S. Hendricks, Terre Haut, Ind.; C. C. Davis, St. Louis; C. H. Wales, St. Louis; and S. P. Sexton, Lafayette, Ind., are at the Pacific.

Theodore Roosevelt, the young New York assemblyman and politician, passed through Chicago yesterday on his way home from a hunting excursion in Montana. During his scientific jaunt he slaughtered grizzly bears, wild buffaloes and another game, and he was made about over the country.

IN GENERAL.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Sherman opticians, Tribune building, was as follows: 7 a. m., 24° above zero; 9 a. m., 27; 12 m., 31; 3 p. m., 31; 6 p. m., 27; 9 p. m., 25; 12 p. m., 24°. Barometer, 9 a. m., 30.01; 9 p. m., 30.06.

Commissioner Cogdon is having trouble with the builders of the sewerage engineers put in to the private vaults of the city. So long ago that no one knows the number that they were put in, many of them are still regarded as the best in Europe, and so much so that the law is to prevent their removal.

Last evening the game in the Plymouth Congregational church was named for the evening party. Two choosers of men and men were selected by the pastor, and the game was played with much spirit. The men were all supplied with a ball, and the object was to keep the ball in motion as much as the law to get them scored.

The Rev. Archibald McCollum, Secretary of the Christian Home Society of United Brethren, and formerly was given a farewell reception at the Methodist Home last evening. He has been appointed to the pastorate of the Christian Church, Lincoln, Neb., and will leave for his new field of labor next week. The reception was largely attended, including several prominent citizens, who presented.

Hanna Gault, the young girl found in a North Halsted street saloon Monday night with a woman of ill repute, is still confined in the Desplaines Street Station. All remember seem to be able to find out anything about her, and as it is very much wanted to know her name, she will be held indefinitely. She is about 15 years old, and has evidently been used to bad company.

The Washington Park Club has made arrangements whereby an exhibition will be given at the club-house tomorrow afternoon by Capt. Schaefer and other billiard experts. There will be short games of French carroms, 18-inch balk-line, champion's game, cushion caroms, etc. The whole is intended for an entertainment for the members of the club and their families.

Monday afternoon a man was found lying beside the Baltimore & Ohio depot in Englewood. He was unconscious, and upon being taken to the Cook County Hospital it was found that his skull was fractured and his left leg had been broken. Yesterday he was identified by Thomas Roberts, an engineer living at No. 3,000 Cottage Grove avenue, and he died at noon. He appears dead.

At 6:30 o'clock yesterday morning Edward Sawyer, eight-year-old son of Joseph Sawyer, 311 of the corner of Union avenue and Twenty-third street, discovered three burglars trying to get in through a window. Seeing the boy he grappled with one of the men, but succeeded in getting away when a burglar dealt a severe blow through the sky, cutting the boy's left ear to the point. Sawyer secured the fact to identify, but they escaped.

The Cosmetic Lawn & Building Association held a meeting last night at Dole's Hall. The committee appointed at the last meeting to select the difficulties which had arisen submitted their report. They thought that to go on to properly push and advertise to the organization it would be best for both of the surrounding Boards of Directors to resign. They recommended that a meeting be held to elect new officers, and a meeting will be held at the same place to this matter to elect a new board.

P. C. Hayes, President of the Hamilton Sewer Company, by the way of the Wells record, stopped that in Hayes's action, State and Madison streets. He had been sitting in a chair, but suddenly fell to the floor, and fell before Dr. Hayes, who had been called, arrived. The doctor pronounced it hopeless, and after which took the body to the undertaking establishment of Hayes & Co. The cause of death was given as heart disease

NORTHWEST NEWS.

BOSWELL SUES PERRENTA.

He Draws His Friend Through Several Lathe on State Street.

The Difference in Price Between a "Tailor" and a "Tape"—Value of Wrapping-Paper.

The Two Results Compared in the Elevation and Prostitute of a Man in a White Apron.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

Affirmative Self-Reliance in the Public Avenues Fills Pumping to the Gills.

Commissioner Cregier's Theory that the Water Is Good Enough for Any One.

Why He Advocates Her In Using in This Case—A Gay's Opinion Too.

THE PARNELLITE KNOW NOW.

A Story with a Moral for "The Disgraced Parnell."

THE SITUATION IN CHINA.

THE COURTS.

THE RECORD.

GEO. C. ELDREDGE. A. S. JONES.

Geo. C. Eldredge & Co.

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BUSINESS.

A Dull Stock Market—Hopeful Signs in the Chicago Money Market.

The Produce Markets More Active, but Trading Mostly Local—Provisions Stronger.

Grain Dealers Wheat Opposed by a Large Increase in the Visible Supply.

MONETARY.

Coinage at the principal mints of the United States yesterday was a little less than

[illegible]

New York exchange was sold as follows yesterday:

Chicago at par.
Boston, 50c premium.
St. Louis at par.
New Orleans, $2.50 premium.
Cincinnati, par to 25c premium.

The clearings were small yesterday, and there was little new business doing, but prospects are that both in the money centers and others will be in pretty good shape for the transactions of 1885. Collections are better than a few months ago, and more than ever before in the year, and notes due next month are being satisfactorily met. The effect is expected to be that of a few months which yesterday paid the cross amounting to $15,000 each did not exceed $10 each. Some of the [illegible] and other manufacturers of agricultural implements for the country, but the whole list has been sent to market has also received a large proportion of the notes of the retail purchasers. Some very startling reports come from the South as the people in this city who have dealings there. The planters are getting good prices for their cotton, and there is a revival of manufacturing. The collections are correspondingly improved.

There was a considerable lack of shipments of currency from this city to the country yesterday, but it was of small size and went to a good many points. The purchases of bags are probably during the entire portion of it. The receipts of currency were small. There was a fair supply of foreign bills, and the rates were unchanged, as follows:

[illegible]

The market is somewhat more lively. Commercial bills were still the feature, and continued in advance, closing the week over the previous week: $1,000 United States 4½s of 1891, $1,000 Cook County 7s of 1871, $1,000 Cook County 7s of 1883 at 105½, and $1,000 Toledo (Ohio) Division 6s at 98½. The sales of the Chicago Stock Exchange were $1,000 Commercial Union 6s at 97½, $1,000 at 97¾, $1,000 at 97, $1,000 at 97½, $1,000 at 97¾, $1,000 at 97½, $1,000 Cook County 7s of 1883 at 105½, $1,000 City Railway 5½s at 95, and $1,000 Chicago & Northwestern sinking fund 6s at 107½.

The following show the bidding prices at the Stock Exchange, except where a dagger (†) indicates that the price was asked instead of bid:

[illegible]

In New York on the New York Stock Exchange the sales being only 100,000 shares. Prices did not change very much from the opening to the close, having a sharp decline in Jersey Central. It was reported that papers had been sent on to Philadelphia to get the road into the hands of a receiver. Information was straightened by the appointment of a small [illegible] post. It was reported early in the day that Robert H. Clarkson, a director of Delaware & Hudson, had been acting for such an authoritative source made [illegible]. It was apparent, too, that the Gould's were selling. The buying on St. Paul continued to be heavy, and a half of 1 per cent may be had for the privilege of putting 1,000 shares, or any part thereof, at 60 days. There was no [illegible] Northern Pacific preferred was shown to weigh very heavy, but a decline in good preferreds that he will do as much as he can get out properly. Vice-President Ramsey of the Lake Shore road is quoted as saying that the company will declare a dividend today, but he does not state the amount. There was a sales of 215,000 in the morning of the call for the year ending June 30. Charles Francis was a seller at Western Union. The Times [illegible] has taken the lead in the general [illegible] evening [illegible] to [illegible] for the week, the amount of $2,000 is reported in the hands of [illegible] Central Trust for the general [illegible] of Evansville, and a dividend of 2½ per cent is declared on the income bonds [illegible] to this city and [illegible].

[illegible]

Dun, Wiman & Co.'s [illegible] says: The business failures throughout the country during the past seven days, as reported to us by telegraph, number 225, as compared with 207 the week previous, 201 the corresponding week of 1883, 183 in 1882, 154 in 1881, 190 in 1880, 155 in 1879, 106 in 1878, 154 in 1877, 240 in 1876, 154 in 1875, 106 in 1874, 107 in 1873, 89 in 1872, 90 in 1871, 75 in 1870, 69 in 1869, 59 in 1868, 57 in 1867, 53 in 1866, 41 in 1865, 79 in 1864, 69 in 1863, 61 in 1862, 59 in 1861, 96 in 1860, 65 in 1859, 85 in 1858, 1,416 in 1857, 272 in 1856, 244 in 1855, 244 in 1854, 234 in 1853, 165 in 1852, 175 in 1851, 191 in 1850, 179 in 1849, 154 in 1848, 127 in 1847, 102 in 1846, 114 in 1845, 106 in 1844, 125 in 1843, 119 in 1842, 102 in 1841, 104 in 1840, 127 in 1839, 126 in 1838, 119 in 1837, 119 in 1836, 106 in 1835, 103 in 1834, 99 in 1833, 100 in 1832, 90 in 1831, 80 in 1830, 63 in 1829, 72 in 1828, 72 in 1827, 72 in 1826, 72 in 1825, 72 in 1824, 72 in 1823, 72 in 1822, 72 in 1821, 72 in 1820, 72 in 1819, 72 in 1818, 72 in 1817, 72 in